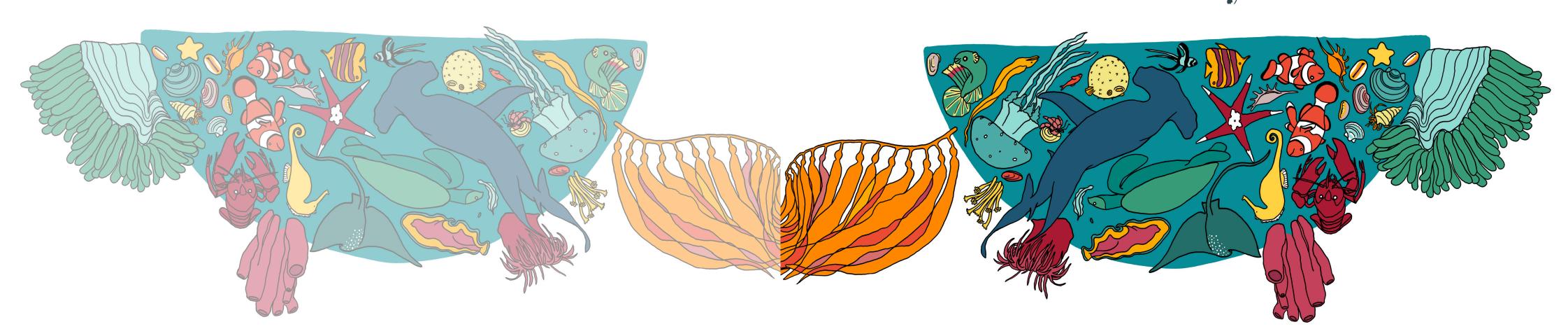




# Making Peace with the Earth

Protecting biodiversity, people's rights & the integrity of the Convention on Biological Diversity







# Making Peace with the Earth

## Protecting biodiversity, people's rights & the integrity of CBD

#### Biodiversity is the Web of Life & Source of Livelihoods

Biodiversity is not a collection of isolated species but a complex, interconnected web of life. Each organism, from the smallest microbe to the largest animal, plays a role in sustaining ecosystems, creating a balance necessary for the Earth's health. Fragmenting or commodifying parts of this web destabilizes the entire system.

Humans are part of biodiversity. Biodiversity and cultural diversity are interconnected. Biodiversity is built on co-evolution, where species and cultures evolve together within ecosystems, enhancing resilience. Indigenous and local communities as custodians of the land, play a crucial role in maintaining biodiversity through traditional knowledge, seed saving, and agroecological practices. The sustainable systems of the world are based on biodiversity, as the basis of an economy that regenerates nature and creates meaningful livelihoods. We do not need to make war against biodiversity with insecticides or pesticides. Biodiversity is the most effective means to control pests and weeds. Preserving biodiversity requires respecting and protecting cultural diversity, as well as respecting the intrinsic rights of species, nature and people. Biodiversity is a commons, not a commodity or private property to be exploited.

#### Obligations Enshrined in the CBD to Uphold Earth's Rights and People's Rights

Sovereignty: Article 3
establishes local & national
sovereignty over biodiversity
use, conservation and
protection.

Core Obligations of the CBD

Biosafety: Article 19.3, which is the basis of the Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to protect biodiversity from risks of biotech, enshrines informed consent to GMO introduction & framework for risk management and

The Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), adopted by most Nations after the UN Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro in acknowledged the critical role of indigenous peoples local and communities in conserving biodiversity. It was created to address the erosion of biodiversity through conservation, the threat of loss of local and national sovereignty in protecting biodiversity from corporate exploitation, and to regulate new technologies that rely on and could impact biodiversity.

Preservation of Traditional
Knowledge: Article 8(j)
establishes the respect,
preservation, and maintenance
of local/indigenous knowledge &
practices for conservation & use
of biodiversity, includes benefit-

# Threats to Biodiversity

Financialization

Genetic Engineering

Digitalization schemes & Biopiracy

## Corporate Threats to Biodiversity & Sovereignty in Violation of the CBD

#### Violation of Article 3 – Sovereign Rights Over Resources:

 The concentration of power and natural resources, to private corporations, along with the global rules of corporate trade, directly threaten local and national sovereignty. Through the financialization of nature, ex. biodiversity credits, corporate powers could take over the world's most biodiversity-rich areas under private control. Digitalization of genetic resources facilitates extractivism without physical access and without need to consult countries of origin, or local custodians.

#### Violation of Article 19.3 – Biosafety and Liability:

 CBD protocols on biosafety were established to regulate GMOs, which have eroded and contaminated biodiversity. The global push for the deregulation of GMOs brings back a failed technology through by-passing biosafety protocols based on the precautionary principle, prior informed consent and mutual disclosure. Now gene edited GMOs are being deregulated to be considered equivalent to conventional crops, risking zero liability for biodiversity contamination.

### Violation of Article 8(j) – Traditional Knowledge and Indigenous Peoples:

 The industrial food system based on the mechanistic and reductionist view of nature suppresses the diversity of living systems that already conserve and work in harmony with biodiversity. This suppression undermines traditional knowledge systems and practices, leading to biopiracy, and top-down control.

#### Making Peace with the Earth to Regenerate Biodiversity

For millennia, indigenous and local communities have been stewards of biodiversity, conserving it by respecting nature's cycles and rights. With 80% of the world's remaining biodiversity found on indigenous lands, reversing the biodiversity crisis requires acknowledging that traditional knowledge and practices are vital to conservation. Efforts must shift from merely preserving species to protecting entire ecosystems and the communities within them. Biodiversity thrives when humans live in harmony with nature, not through domination, and safeguarding it means recognizing the Earth as a living entity with intrinsic rights.

Defending biodiversity means defending the rights of the Earth, the rights of communities, and ensuring that national sovereignty is upheld. Ensuring that biodiversity governance is guided by decentralised democratic participation and respect for diverse cultural practices. It is time we start listening to women, indigenous people and the small-scale farmers protecting their plants, seeds and cooperating with Mother Nature.



- Defend local and national sovereignty of communities.
- Implement and preserve the founding principles of the CBD.
- Support community-led biodiversity conservation, not corporate appropriation.
- Build local and native seed banks.
- Support and spread biodiversity-based agroecology
- Empower and support the education of a new generation of biodiversity custodians.
- Support local food and local food economies.
- Ensure robust biosafety regulation. Stop the spread of old and new GMOs and stop deregulation.
- Stop the Financialisation of Nature.
- Recognize Nature's intrinsic rights.

